

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

In Re: FEMA TRAILER
FORMALDEHYDE PRODUCTS
LIABILITY LITIGATION

MDL NO. 07-1873

SECTION "N" (5)

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:
08-1094 - Henry Gaultreaux, et al vs Gulf Stream Coach, Inc.

ORDER

A Preliminary conference was held on April 24, 2012 . Participating were:

For Plaintiffs:

L. Eric Williams, Jr. and Richard Fernandez

For Defendant:

Joseph G. Glass

Pleadings have not been completed. Responsive pleadings shall be filed within thirty days. Jurisdiction and venue are established.

All pre-trial motions, including dispositive motions, shall be filed and served in sufficient time to permit **submission date** thereon no later than January 10, 2013 (60 days prior to the Trial date). Any motions filed in violation of this order shall be deemed waived unless good cause is shown.

All motions in limine shall be filed not later than the day the pre-trial order is due.

Requests for oral argument shall be submitted and handled in accordance with Local Rule 78.1E.

Counsel shall complete all disclosure of information as follows:

Initial disclosure pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1) must be exchanged no later than May 8, 2012.

Depositions for use at trial use shall be taken and all discovery shall be completed

no later than January 10, 2013 (60 days prior to the Trial Date).

Amendments to pleadings, third-party actions, cross-claims and counter-claims shall be filed no later than May 24, 2012 (30 days from the date of the Preliminary Conference), in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Rule 7.6.

Counsel adding new parties subsequent to mailing of this Notice shall serve on each new party a copy of this Minute Entry. Pleadings responsive thereto, when required, shall be filed within the applicable delays therefor.

Written reports of experts, as defined by Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2)(B), who may be witnesses for plaintiff fully setting forth all matters about which they will testify and the basis therefor shall be obtained and delivered to counsel for defendant as soon as possible, but in no event later than October 31, 2012 (120 days prior to Final Pre-trial Conference Date).

Written reports of experts, as defined by Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2)(B), who may be witnesses for defendant fully setting forth all matters about which they will testify and the basis therefor shall be obtained and delivered to counsel for plaintiff as soon as possible, but in no event later than November 30, 2012 (90 days prior to Final Pre-trial Conference Date).

Counsel for the parties shall file in the record and serve upon their opponents a list of all witnesses who may or will be called to testify at trial, and all exhibits that may or will be used at trial no later than November 30, 2012 (90 days prior to Final Pre-trial Conference Date).

The Court will not permit any witness, expert or fact, to testify or any exhibits to be used unless there has been compliance with this Minute Entry as it pertains to the witness and/or exhibits, without an order to do so issued on motion for good cause shown.

Settlement possibilities were discussed. A further settlement conference will be scheduled at any time at the request of any party.

This case does not involve extensive documentary evidence, depositions or other discovery.

A final pre-trial conference will be held before the District Judge on **THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2013 AT 9:00 A.M.** Counsel will be prepared in accordance with the final Pre-Trial Notice attached.

THE PRETRIAL ORDER SUBMITTED TO THE COURT MUST BE DOUBLE SPACED, PAGINATED, AND SIGNED BY ALL COUNSEL.

Trial will commence during the week beginning **MONDAY, MARCH 11, 2013 AT 8:30 A.M.** before the District Judge **with** a jury. Attorneys are instructed to report for trial no later than 30 minutes prior to this time. The starting time on the first day of a jury trial may be delayed or moved up because of jury pooling. Trial is estimated to last 5-7 day(s).

Deadlines, cut-off dates, or other limits fixed herein may only be extended by the Court upon timely motion filed in compliance with Local Rules and upon a showing of good cause. Trial will not be continued, even on joint motion, absent good cause or compelling reason. If, however, a continuance is granted, deadlines and cut off dates will not be extended automatically, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

It shall be assumed that all attorneys listed as counsel of record are, at all times,

informed and conversant about the case, and have authority to discuss this matter with the Court.

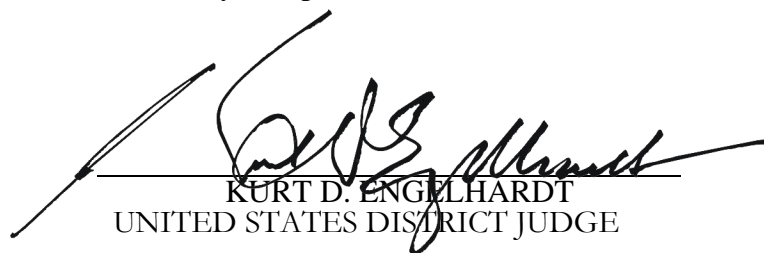
IT IS ORDERED THAT COUNSEL CONTACT THE ASSIGNED MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE FOR THE PURPOSE OF SCHEDULING A SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE WHICH SHOULD BE HELD BY FEBRUARY 14, 2013. All counsel shall have responsibility for scheduling this conference, and shall be subject to possible sanctions for failure to timely set a convenient date/time on the calendar of the assigned magistrate judge. Such conference shall be timely set and held regardless of pending motions, anticipated rulings, or any other deadlines set in this case. (Only the magistrate judge, in his/her discretion, shall have the authority to cancel and/or reset the settlement conference.)

No cell phones, pagers, beepers, or other audible communication devices are allowed in Section "N" courtroom and chambers. Any audible electronic communication devices brought in to the Section "N" courtroom or chambers are subject to permanent confiscation, and/or sanction of the violator of this policy. You may turn such devices in to Susan Adams, judicial assistant in Section "N", upon arriving, and pick them up when you have completed business in Section "N."

All communication with Court staff is equivalent to communication directly with the undersigned, and shall be courteous and professional. Any conduct toward Court staff in deviation of this standard shall be promptly reported to the undersigned.

COUNSEL ARE INSTRUCTED TO INCLUDE THEIR FAX NUMBERS AND EMAIL ADDRESSES ON ANY DOCUMENTS THAT ARE FILED WITH THIS COURT.

New Orleans, Louisiana, this 25th day of April, 2012.


KURT D. ENGELHARDT
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

CLERK TO FORWARD COPY TO MAGISTRATE JUDGE

THIS PRE-TRIAL NOTICE CONTAINS NEW MATERIAL.
REVISED MAY 25, 2011

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

PRE-TRIAL NOTICE

IT IS ORDERED that a pre-trial conference will be held in chambers before Judge Kurt D. Engelhardt, Section N, in the cases shown on the attached list on the dates and the times there indicated.

The purpose of the pre-trial conference is to secure a just and speedy determination of the issues. If the type of pre-trial order set forth below does not appear calculated to achieve these ends in this case, please arrange a conference with the Judge and opposing counsel immediately so that alternative possibilities may be discussed.

The procedure necessary for the preparation of the formal pre-trial order that will be reviewed and entered at this conference is as follows:

I.

The pre-trial order, in duplicate, must be delivered to the Court's chambers by 4:30 p.m. on a day that allows one full work day prior to the conference, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays (i.e., if the conference is set for 10:00 a.m. Thursday, it must be delivered by 4:30 p.m. Tuesday. If the conference is set on Monday, the pre-trial order will be delivered to the Judge on Thursday by 4:30 p.m.).

II.

Counsel for all parties shall confer in person (face to face) or by telephone at their earliest convenience for the purpose of arriving at all possible stipulations and for the exchange of copies of documents that will be offered in evidence at the trial. It shall be the duty of counsel for plaintiff to initiate this conference, and the duty of other counsel to respond. If, after reasonable effort, any party cannot obtain the cooperation of other counsel, it shall be his duty to communicate immediately with the Court. The conference of counsel shall be held at least **ten (10)** days prior to the date of the scheduled pre-trial conference in order that counsel for all parties can furnish each other with a statement of the real issues each party will offer evidence to support, eliminating any issues that might appear in the pleadings

about which there is no real controversy, and including in such statement issues of law as well as ultimate issues of fact from the standpoint of each party. Counsel for plaintiff then will prepare a pre-trial order and submit it to opposing counsel, after which all counsel jointly will submit the original and one copy of the final draft of the proposed pre-trial order to the Judge.

III.

At their meeting, counsel **must** consider the following:

A. **Jurisdiction.** Since jurisdiction may not ever be conferred by consent and since prescription or statutes of limitations may bar a new action if the case or any ancillary demand is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction, counsel should make reasonable effort to ascertain that the Court has jurisdiction.

B. **Parties.** Correctness of identity of legal entities; necessity for appointment of tutor, guardian, administrator, executor, etc., and validity of appointment if already made; correctness of designation of party as partnership, corporation or individual d/b/a trade name.

C. **Joinder.** Questions of misjoinder or nonjoinder of parties.

IV.

At the pre-trial conference counsel must be fully authorized and prepared to discuss settlement possibilities with the Court. Counsel are urged to discuss the possibility of settlement with each other thoroughly before undertaking the extensive labor of preparing the proposed pre-trial order. Save your time, the Court's time, and the client's time and money.

V.

The pre-trial conference **must** be attended by the attorneys who will try the case, unless prior to the conference the Court grants permission for other counsel to attend. These attorneys will familiarize themselves with the pre-trial rules, and will come to the conference with full authority to accomplish the purposes of Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

VI.

Pre-trial conferences will not be continued except for good cause shown in a **written** motion presented sufficiently in advance of the conference for opposing counsel to be notified.

VII.

Failure on the part of counsel to appear at the conference may result in **sanctions**, including but not limited to sua sponte dismissal of the suit, assessment of costs and attorney fees, default or other appropriate sanctions.

VIII.

All pending motions and all special issues or defenses raised in the pleadings must be called to the court's attention in the pre-trial order.

IX.

The pre-trial order shall bear the signatures of all counsel at the time it is submitted to the Court; the pre-trial order shall contain an appropriate signature space for the Judge. Following the pre-trial conference, the signed copy of the order shall be filed into the record, and the additional copy shall be retained in the Judge's work file. The order will set forth:

1. The date of the pre-trial conference.
2. The appearance of counsel identifying the party(s) represented, with address and all other contact information of counsel.
3. A description of the parties, and in cases of insurance carriers, their insured must be identified. The legal relationships of all parties with reference to the claims, counterclaims, third-party claims and cross claims, etc.
4.
 - a. With respect to jurisdiction, a brief summary of the factual basis supporting each claim asserted, whether original claim, counterclaim or third-party claim, etc., and, the legal and jurisdictional basis for each such claim, or if contested, the jurisdictional questions;
 - b. In diversity damage suits, there is authority for dismissing the action, either before or after trial, where it appears that the damages reasonably could not come within the jurisdictional limitation. Therefore, the proposed pre-trial order in such cases shall contain either a stipulation that \$75,000 (or for a case commenced before May 18, 1989, \$10,000) is involved or a resume of the evidence supporting the claim that such sum reasonably could be awarded.
5. A list and description of any motions pending or contem-

plated and any special issues appropriate for determination in advance of trial on the merits. If the Court at any prior hearing has indicated that it would decide certain matters at the time of pre-trial, a brief summary of those matters and the position of each party with respect thereto should be included in the pre-trial order.

6. A brief summary of the material facts claimed by:
 - a. Plaintiff
 - b. Defendant
 - c. Other parties.
7. A **single listing** of all uncontested material facts. These will be considered trial stipulations by the Court.
8. A **single listing** of the contested issues of fact. (This does not mean that counsel must **concur** in a statement of the issues; it simply means that they must list in a single list all issues of fact.) Where applicable, particularities concerning the following fact issues shall be set forth:
 - a. Whenever there is in issue the seaworthiness of a vessel or an alleged unsafe condition of property, the material facts and circumstances relied upon to establish the claimed unseaworthy or unsafe condition shall be specified with particularity;
 - b. Whenever there is in issue negligence of the defendant or contributory or comparative negligence of the plaintiff, the material facts and a circumstances relied upon to establish the claimed negligence shall be specified with particularity;
 - c. Whenever personal injuries are at issue, the nature and extent of the injuries and of any alleged disability shall be specified with particularity;
 - d. Whenever the alleged breach of a contractual obligation is in issue, the act or omissions relied upon as constituting the claimed breach shall be specified with particularity;
 - e. Whenever the meaning of a contract or other writing is in issue, all facts and circumstances surrounding execution and subsequent to execution, both those admitted and those in issue, which each party contends serve to aid interpretation, shall be specified with particularity;

- f. Whenever duress or fraud or mistake is in issue, and set forth in the pleadings, the facts and circumstances relied upon as constituting the claimed duress or fraud or mistake (see Fed. R. Civ. P. 9(b)) shall also be set forth in the pre-trial order;
 - g. If special damages are sought, they shall be itemized with particularity. (See Fed. R. Civ. P. 9(g));
 - h. If a conspiracy is charged, the details of facts constituting the conspiracy shall be particularized.
9. A **single listing** of the contested issues of law. (See explanation in 8 above.)
10. For each party, a list and description of exhibits intended to be introduced at the trial. Prior to the confection of the pre-trial order, the parties shall meet, exchange copies of all exhibits, and agree as to their authenticity and relevancy. As to any exhibits to which the parties cannot agree, memoranda identifying and supporting objections to the exhibit(s) shall be submitted on or before **six (6)** working days prior to trial. Oppositions thereto shall be submitted on or before **four (4)** working days prior to trial.
- a. Each list of exhibits first should describe those that are to be admitted without objection, and then those to which there will be objection, noting by whom the objection is made (if there are multiple adverse parties), and the nature of the objection. Markers identifying each exhibit, as set forth in the pre-trial order, should be attached to the exhibits at the time they are shown to opposing counsel during preparation of the pre-trial order;
 - b. If a party considers he has good cause not to disclose exhibits to be used solely for the purpose of impeachment, he may ex parte request a conference with the Court and make his position known to the Court in camera prior to the pretrial conference.
 - c. Where appropriate to preserve trade secrets or privileges, the listing of exhibits may be made subject to a protective order or in such other fashion as the Court may direct. If there are such exhibits, the pre-trial order will state: The

parties will discuss exhibits alleged to be privileged (or to contain trade secrets, etc.) at the pre-trial conference.

- d. In addition to the formal list of exhibits, counsel shall prepare copies for opposing counsel.
- e. Counsel are to prepare a joint exhibit book (or set of exhibit books) with a single numbering system to be used at trial. The exhibit book must be tabbed by exhibit and contain an index of the exhibits. Any *in globo* exhibits must contain page or Bates numbers.

The copy of the exhibit book to be used by the judge during trial must be delivered to chambers at a date and time to be set by the Court at the pre-trial conference. Exhibits as to which there are no objections, or to which any objections have been overruled by the Court, shall be listed first on the index and placed in the front of the judge's exhibit book. Exhibits to which there are pending objections shall be listed at the end of the index and placed at the back of the judge's exhibit book.

A copy of the exhibit book to be used by the witness, if one is to be provided for use by the witness, must be brought to Court on the first morning of trial, and shall not contain any exhibits as to which there are pending objections, unless and until those objections are overruled by the Court. Counsel are to confer regarding preparation of copies of the exhibit book to be used by them during trial. An additional copy of the exhibit book will be needed for jury deliberation. This copy will be used as the exhibit book for the Court's record.

- f. If the trial is a jury trial and counsel desires to display exhibits to the members of the jury, then sufficient copies of such exhibits must be available so as to provide each juror with a copy, or alternatively, enlarged photographic copies or projected copies should be used. The Court has available an opaque projector, and arrangements for its use should be made directly with Pam Radosta, Case Manager and Courtroom Deputy Clerk at (504) 589-7683. If appropriate, the Court prefers that exhibits be displayed to the jury by means of the opaque projector.

- g. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, only exhibits included on the exhibit list and/or for which memoranda have been submitted shall be included for use at trial.
 - h. Counsel shall jointly submit to the Court on the first day of trial a single list of exhibits properly marked for identification which he or she desires to use at trial.
- 11.
- a. A list of all deposition testimony to be offered into evidence. The parties shall, prior to trial, meet and agree as to the elimination from the deposition transcript(s) of all irrelevant and repetitive matter and all colloquy between counsel. In a non-jury trial, a single transcript of each deposition shall be submitted to the Court by the parties on or before **four (4)** working days prior to trial.
 - b. In addition, the parties shall attempt, in good faith, to resolve all objections to testimony so that the Court will be required to rule only on those objections to which they cannot reach an agreement as to their merit. As to all objections to the testimony which cannot be amicably resolved, the parties shall deliver to the Court, not less than **four (4)** working days prior to trial, a statement identifying the portions objected to, and the ground therefor. Oppositions to those objections are to be submitted no later than **three (3)** working days prior to trial. Proponents and opponents shall furnish the Court appropriate statements of authorities in support of their positions as to the proposed testimony.
- 12.
- a. A list and brief description of any charts, graphs, models, schematic diagrams, and similar objects which, although not to be offered in evidence, respective counsel intend to use in opening statements or closing arguments. These items do not include enlargements of documents identified in the pre-trial order as trial exhibits.
 - b. Either a stipulation that the parties have no objection to the use of the listed items for such purpose, or a statement of the objections to their use; and a statement that if other such items are to be used by any party, they will be submitted to opposing counsel at least **three (3)** working days

prior to trial and, if there is then opposition to their use, the dispute will be submitted to the Court at least **one (1)** day prior to trial.

13. a. A list of witnesses for all parties, including the names, addresses and statement of the general subject matter of their testimony (it is not sufficient to designate the witness simply "fact," "medical" or "expert"), and an indication in good faith of those who will be called in the absence of reasonable notice to opposing counsel to the contrary, with a designation for each witness that he/she **"will"** or **"may"** be called to testify at trial;
 - b. A statement that the witness list was filed in accordance with prior court orders. No other witness shall be allowed unless agreeable to all parties and their addition does not affect the trial date. This restriction will not apply to rebuttal witnesses or documents whose necessity cannot be reasonably anticipated. Furthermore, in the case of expert witnesses, counsel shall certify that they have exchanged expert reports in accordance with prior court orders. Expert witnesses whose reports have not been furnished opposing counsel shall not be permitted to testify nor shall experts be permitted to testify to opinions not included in the reports timely furnished;
 - c. Except for good cause shown, the Court will not permit any witness to testify unless with respect to such witness there has been complete compliance with all provisions of the pre-trial order and prior court orders;
 - d. Counsel shall not be allowed to ask questions on cross-examination of an economic expert which would require the witness to make mathematical calculations in order to frame a response unless the factual elements of such questions shall have been submitted to that expert witness not less than three full working days before trial.
14. A statement indicating whether the case is a jury or non-jury case.
 - a. If the case is a jury case, then indicate whether the jury trial is applicable to all aspects of the case or only to certain issues, which issues shall be specified. In jury cases, add the following

provisions:

"Proposed jury instructions, special jury interrogatories, trial memoranda and any special questions that the Court is asked to put to prospective jurors on voir dire shall be delivered to the Court and opposing counsel not later than **six (6)** working days prior to the trial date, unless specific leave to the contrary is granted by the Court. Objections to any of these materials must be submitted not later than **four (4)** working days prior to the trial date, unless specific leave to the contrary is granted by the Court." Proposed jury instructions and objections thereto must include citations to relevant legal authority.

- b. In a non-jury case, proposed findings of fact (with annotated references of support for each proposed finding) and conclusions of law (with citations of authority) are required. These submissions, set forth in separate documents, are to be filed not less than **five (5)** full working days prior to trial. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, a separate trial memorandum is not required.
 - c. In a jury case, a trial memorandum shall be required only when and to the extent ordered by the Court. However, any party may in any event submit such memoranda not less than five working days prior to trial and should accomplish this with respect to any anticipated evidentiary problems which require briefing and jury instructions requiring explanation beyond mere citation to authority.
- 15. In cases where damages are sought, include a statement for completion by the Court, that "The issue of liability (will or will not) be tried separately from that of quantum." (COUNSEL ARE TO INDICATE WHICH OPTION APPLIES) It is the policy of this Court in appropriate cases to try issues of liability and quantum separately. Accordingly, counsel should be prepared to discuss at the pre-trial conference the feasibility of separating such issues. Counsel likewise should consider the feasibility and desirability of separate trials as to other issues.
 - 16. A statement describing any other matters that might expedite a disposition of the case.

17. A statement that trial shall commence on _____, 20____ at _____ a.m./p.m. A realistic estimate of the number of trial days required. Where counsel cannot agree upon the number of trial days required, the estimate of each side should be given. In addition, the proposed order must contain a sentence including the trial date and time previously assigned.
18. The statement that "This pre-trial order has been formulated after conference at which counsel for the respective parties have appeared in person. Reasonable opportunity has been afforded counsel for corrections, or additions, prior to signing. Hereafter, this order will control the course of the trial and may not be amended except by consent of the parties and the Court, or by order of the Court to prevent manifest injustice."
19. A statement that:

"Counsel acknowledge that cell phones, pagers, beepers, and any other electronic communication devices are not allowed in the courtroom, and shall abide by this rule. Counsel shall further notify all clients and his/her witnesses of this rule."
20. The statement that "Possibility of settlement of this case was considered."
21. The proposed pre-trial order must contain appropriate signature spaces for counsel for all parties and the Judge.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the foregoing pre-trial notice be mailed to counsel of record for all parties to these cases, and counsel will comply with the directions set forth herein.

New Orleans, Louisiana

May 25, 2011



UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

**EACH NUMBERED PARAGRAPH IS TO BE PRECEDED
BY A HEADING DESCRIPTIVE OF ITS CONTENT**